

Psychiatrische und psychosomatisch auffällige Patienten, Borrelien, andere Infektionserreger; Gene, Umwelt, Immunsystem
Psychiatric and psychosomatic conspicuous patients, Borrelia, other infectious agents; Genes, Environment, immune system

Lorenz M, Redecker H (2013) Wann ist eine Borreliose eine Neuroborreliose? Die Borreliose und ihre neuro-psychiatrischen Symptome. <http://www.borreliose-lorenz.de/neuroborreliose.html>

Bransfield R (2013) Lyme Disease and Cognitive Impairments. <http://www.mentalhealthandillness.com/Articles/LymeDiseaseAndCognitiveImpairments.htm>

Bransfield R (2016) Can Infections & Lyme and Associated Diseases Alter Free Will and Cause Impulsive Destructive Behavior? Conference: Lyme Connections Mental Health Conference, At Leir Retreat Center, Ridgefield, CT

Fallon BA, Nields JA (1994) Lyme Disease: A Neuropsychiatric Illness. Am J Psychiatry 151(11), 1571-83 <http://www.angelfire.com/biz/romarkaraoke/lymeart.html>

Rundell JR, Wise MG. (1985) **Neurosyphilis**: a psychiatric perspective. Psychosomatics 26, 287-295. <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/3887454>

Kohler J. (1990) **Lyme borreliosis in neurology and psychiatry** Fortschr Med. 108(10),191-3,197.

Barnett W, Sigmund D, Roelcke U, Mundt C. (1991) **Endogenous paranoid-hallucinatory syndrome caused by Borrelia encephalitis** Nervenarzt 62(7), 445-7

Fallon BA, Nields JA, Burrascano JJ, Liegner K, DelBene D, Liebowitz MR. (1992) **The neuropsychiatric manifestations of Lyme borreliosis** Psychiatr Q 63(1), 95-117 <http://www.lymenet.org>

Lyme Net. The Neuropsychiatric Manifestations of Lyme Borreliosis (1992) <http://www2.lymenet.org/85256613000317b5/1bbeaa0c4dbd0d058525670a00093a6b/87e8dfed931381b7852567c70012001f>

Pfister HW, Preac-Mursic V, Wilske B, Rieder G, Forderreuther S, Schmidt S, Kapfhammer HP (1993) Catatonic syndrome in acute severe encephalitis due to Borrelia burgdorferi infection. Neurology. 43(2), 433-5. <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/8437717>

van den Bergen HA, Smith JP, van der Zwan A. (1993) **Lyme Psychosis** Ned Tijdschr Geneesk 137(41), 2098-100

Fallon BA, Nields JA, Parsons B, Liebowitz MR, Klein DF. (1993) **Psychiatric manifestations of Lyme borreliosis** J Clin Psychiatry 54(7), 263-8

Fallon BA, Nields JA. (1994) Lyme disease: a neuropsychiatric illness. Am J Psychiatry. 151(11), 1571-83. <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/7943444>

Fallon BA, Bird H, Hoven C, Cameron D, Liebowitz MR, Shaffer D. (1994) Psychiatric aspects of Lyme disease in children and adolescents: A community epidemiologic study in Westchester, New York. Journal of Tick Borne and Spirochetal Diseases, 1, 98-100

Brown JS Jr. (1994) **Geographic correlation of schizophrenia to ticks and tick-borne encephalitis.** Schizophr Bull 20(4), 755-75

Fallon BA, Nields JA. (1994) **Lyme Disease: A Neuropsychiatric Illness** Am J Psychiatry 151(11), 1571-83 <http://www.angelfire.com/biz/romarkaraoke/lymeart.html>

Fallon BA, Bird H, Hoven C, Cameron D, Liebowitz MR, Shaffer D (1994) Psychiatric aspects of Lyme disease in children and adolescents: A community epidemiologic study in Westchester, New York. *Journal of Tick Borne and Spirochetal Diseases*, 1, 98-100

Caliendo MV, Kushon DJ, Helz JW. (1995) [Delirium and Lyme disease](#). *Psychosomatics*. 36(1), 69-74

Fallon BA. (1995) Neuropsychiatric Lyme Disease. *Harvard Mental Health Letter*, Forum 10/95

Fallon BA, Schwartzberg M, Bransfield R, Zimmerman B, Scotti A, Weber CA, Liebowitz MR. (1995) Late-stage neuropsychiatric Lyme borreliosis. Differential diagnosis and treatment. *Psychosomatics*. 36(3), 295-300.

Stein SL, Solvason HB, Biggart E, Spiegel D. (1996) [A 25-year-old woman with hallucinations, hypersexuality, nightmares, and a rash](#). *Am J Psychiatry*. 153(4), 545-51.

Fallon BA, Das S, Plutchok J, Tager F., Liegner K, Van Heertum R (1997) Functional imaging and neuropsychological testing in Lyme disease. *Clinical Infectious Diseases*, 25, S57-63

[Kobayashi K, Mizukoshi C, Aoki T, Muramori F et al. \(1997\) Borrelia burgdorferi-seropositive chronic encephalomyelopathy: Lyme neuroborreliosis? An autopsied report. Dement Geriatr Cogn Disord. 8\(6\), 384-90. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/9370092?dopt=Abstract>](#)

Nadelman RB, Herman E, Wormser GP. (1997) [Screening for Lyme disease in hospitalized psychiatric patients: prospective serosurvey in an endemic area](#). *Mt Sinai J Med*. 64(6), 409-12. **"Sera from only 1 of 517 patients demonstrated antibodies to Borrelia burgdorferi, the etiologic agent of Lyme disease (0.2% [95% CI, 0.0% to 1.1%]). This patient had a nonreactive Western blot, which suggested a false-positive antibody test."**

[Fallon BA, Kochevar JM, Gaito A, Nields JA. \(1998\) The underdiagnosis of neuropsychiatric Lyme disease in children and adults. Psychiatr Clin North Am. 21\(3\), 693-703, viii. <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/9774805>](#)

Paparone PW. (1998) [Neuropsychiatric manifestations of Lyme disease](#) *J Am Osteopath Assoc* 98(7), 373-8

Fallon BA, Kochevar JM, Gaito A, Nields JA. (1998) [The Underdiagnosis of Neuropsychiatric Lyme Disease in Children and Adults](#) *Psychiatric Clinics of North America*, 21, 693-703 <http://www.lymenet.org>

Riedel M, Straube A, Schwarz MJ, Wilske B, Muller N. (1998) Lyme disease presenting as **Tourette's syndrome**. *Lancet*. 351(9100), 418-9

Liegner KI, Duray P, Agricola M, Fosenkilde C, Iannuzzi L, Ziska M, Tilton R, Hulinska D, Hubbard J, Fallon B (1998) Lyme disease and the clinical spectrum of antibiotic-responsive meningoencephalomyelitides. *Journal of Spirochetal and Tick Borne Diseases*. 4, 62-73.

[Popławska R, Szulc A, Zajkowska J, Pancewicz S. \(1999\) Neuroborreliosis: a psychiatric problem?. Psychiatr Pol. 33\(2\), 241-50. <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/10786229>](#)

Hess A, Buchmann J, Zettl UK, Henschel S, Schlaefke D, Grau G, Benecke R. (1999) [Borrelia burgdorferi central nervous system infection presenting as an organic schizophrenialike disorder](#). *Biol Psychiatry* 45(6), 795

Battaglia H, Alvarez G, Mercau A, Fay M, Campodonico M. (2000) Psychiatric symptomatology associated with presumptive Lyme disease: Clinical evidence. *Journal of Spirochetal and Tick-Borne Diseases* 1-6.

Fallon BA. (2000) Neuropsychiatric Aspects of Non-HIV Infectious Diseases. In *Comprehensive Textbook of Psychiatry*, Seventh Edition. Ed. Kaplan and Sadock. Williams and Wilkins.

Sherr VT. (2000) [Panic Attacks May Reveal Previously Unsuspected Chronic Disseminated Lyme Disease](#) *Journal of Psychiatric Practice*, 6, 352-356

Tager FA, Fallon BA (2001) Psychiatric and Cognitive Features of Lyme Disease. *Psychiatric Annals* 31, 173-181

Tager FA, Fallon BA, Rissenberg M, Jones CR, Liebowitz MR (2001) A controlled study of cognitive deficits among children with chronic Lyme disease. *J Neuropsychiatry* 13, 500-507.

Fritzsche M. (2002) [Seasonal correlation of sporadic schizophrenia to Ixodes ticks and Lyme borreliosis](#) *International Journal of Health Geographics* 1, 2
<http://www.pubmedcentral.nih.gov/articlerender.fcgi?tool=pubmed&pubmedid=12453316>

Hajek T, Paskova B, Janovska D, Bahboub R, Hajek P, Libiger J, Hoschl C. (2002) [Higher prevalence of antibodies to *Borrelia burgdorferi* in psychiatric patients than in healthy subjects](#), *Am J Psychiatry*. 159(2), 297-301. ([free full text](#)) **“These findings support the hypothesis that there is an association between *Borrelia burgdorferi* infection and psychiatric morbidity. In countries where this infection is endemic, a proportion of psychiatric inpatients may be suffering from neuropathogenic effects of *Borrelia burgdorferi*”.**

Stricker R, Winger (2003) [Musical Hallucinations in Patients with Lyme Disease](#) *Southern Medical Journal* 96(7), 711-715

Fallon B et al. (2003) [Regional Cerebral Blood Flow and Cognitive Deficits in Chronic Lyme Disease](#). *J Neuropsychiatry Clin Neurosci* 15, 326-332

Fallon B (2004) Neuropsychiatric Lyme Disease: the New 'Great Imitator' *Psychiatric Times*,

Bar KJ, Jochum T, Hager F, Meissner W, Sauer H. (2005) [Painful hallucinations and somatic delusions in a patient with the possible diagnosis of neuroborreliosis](#). *Clin J Pain*. 21(4), 362-3.

Fallon BA. (2005) Neuropsychiatric Aspects of Non-HIV Infectious Diseases. In *Comprehensive Textbook of Psychiatry*, Eighth Edition. Ed. Kaplan and Sadock. Williams and Wilkins

Hajek T, Libiger J, Janovska D, Hajek P, Alda M, Hoschl C., (2006) [Clinical and demographic characteristics of psychiatric patients seropositive for *Borrelia burgdorferi*](#), *Eur Psychiatry*. 21(2),118-122 **“These findings elaborate on potential association between Bb infection and psychiatric morbidity, but fail to identify any specific clinical 'signature' of Bb infection”.**

Fallon BA, Vaccaro B, Romano M, Clemente D. (2006) Neuropsychiatric and Neuropathologic Aspects of Lyme Disease. *Psychiatric Annals*, 36,120-128

Fallon BA (2006) Mystery Diagnosis: treatment of Neuropsychiatric Lyme Disease. In *DSM-IV-TR Case Book: Experts Tell how they treated their own patients*, Volume 2. Ed. Spitzer RL, First MB, Williams JBW, Gibbon M. American Psychiatric Publishing, Inc. pp 39-52.

Keilp BA, Corbera K., Slavov I., Taylor M.J., Sackeim H.A., Fallon B.A. (2006) WAIS-III and WMS-III Performance in chronic Lyme disease. *J International Neuropsychological Society*. 12(1), 119-129.

Bransfield RC, Wulfman JS, Harvey WT, Usman AI. (2007) [The association between tick-borne infections, Lyme borreliosis and autism spectrum disorders](#) *Medical Hypotheses*. 70(5), 967-974
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/17980971?ordinalpos=1&itool=EntrezSystem2.PEntrez.Pubmed.Pubmed_ResultsPanel.Pubmed_DefaultReportPanel.Pubmed_RVDocSum

Scheffer RE, Linden S. (2007) [Concurrent medical conditions with pediatric bipolar disorder](#). *Curr Opin Psychiatry*. 20(4), 398-401. Review.

Bransfield RC. (2007) [Lyme Disease, Comorbid Tick-Borne Diseases, and Neuropsychiatric Disorders](#) *Psychiatric Times*. 24(14)

Hassett AL, Radvanski DC, Buyske S, Savage SV, Gara M, Escobar JI, Sigal LH. (2008) Role of psychiatric comorbidity in chronic Lyme disease. *Arthritis Rheum*. 59(12),1742-9.
<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/19035409>

Bransfield, R. (2008). Lyme, depression, and suicide. Retrieved January 3, 2008, from http://www.lymealliance.org/bransfield/bransfield_3.php

Legatowicz-Koprowska M, Gziut AI, Walczak E, Gil RJ, Wagner T (2008) [\[Borreliosis--simultaneous Lyme carditis and psychiatric disorders--case report\]](#) Pol Merkur Lekarski. 24(143), 433-5.

Duncan T, Rosner B (2008) The Lyme-Autism Connection: Unveiling the Shocking Link Between Lyme Disease and Childhood Developmental Disorders. <http://www.amazon.com/gp/product/0976379759?ie=UTF8&tag=lymeinfo-20&linkCode=as2&camp=1789&creative=9325&creativeASIN=0976379759>

Grabe HJ, Spitzer C, Lüdemann J, Guertler L, Kramer A, John U, Freyberger HJ, Völzke H. (2008) No association of seropositivity for anti-Borrelia IgG antibody with mental and physical complaints. Nord J Psychiatry. 62(5), 386-91. <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/18752103>

Hassett AL, Radvanski DC, Buyske S, Savage SV, Sigal LH. (2009) Psychiatric comorbidity and other psychological factors in patients with "chronic Lyme disease". Am J Med. 122(9), 843-50. <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/19699380>

Bransfield RC (2009) **Preventable cases of autism: relationship between chronic infectious diseases and neurological outcome.** *Psychiatric Health* 3(2), 125-140, DOI 10.2217/phe.09.5 (doi:10.2217/phe.09.5) «**There is evidence that chronic infections and the immune reactions associated with them may contribute to causing autism spectrum disorders. These infections include *Babesia*, *Bartonella*, *Borrelia burgdorferi*, *Ehrlichia*, *Human herpesvirus-6*, *Chlamydia pneumoniae* and *Mycoplasma* (in particular *Mycoplasma fermentans*).**»

[Rosenfeld M](#), [Brenner-Lavie H](#), [Ari SG](#) et al. (2011) **Perturbation in mitochondrial network dynamics and in complex I dependent cellular respiration in schizophrenia.** *Biol Psychiatry*. 69(10), 980-8. doi: 10.1016/j.biopsych.2011.01.010. Epub 2011 Mar 11 <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/?term=rosenfeld+m+%2C+schizophrenia>

[Kugeler KJ](#), [Griffith KS](#), [Gould LH](#) et al. (2011) A Review of **Death Certificates** Listing Lyme Disease as a Cause of Death in the United States. *Clin Infect Dis*. 52 (3), 364-367. doi: 10.1093/cid/ciq157 <http://cid.oxfordjournals.org/content/52/3/364.full.pdf> <http://cid.oxfordjournals.org/content/52/3/364.long>

Bransfield RC (2012) The Psychoimmunology of Lyme/Tick-Borne Diseases and its Association with Neuropsychiatric Symptoms. *The Open Neurology Journal* 6 (Suppl 1-M3) 88-93 <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/23091569> <http://beyondthebandaid.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2012/07/The-Psychoimmunology-of-Tick-Borne-Diseases-its-Association-with-Neuropsychiatric-Symptoms.pdf>

Pasareanu AR, Mygland Å, Kristensen Ø. (2012) A woman in her 50s with manic psychosis. *Tidsskr Nor Laegeforen*. 132(5), 537-9

Bransfield RC (2012) [Can infections and immune reactions to them cause violent behavior?](#) Abstracts of 11th Psychoimmunology Expert Meeting. *Neurology, Psychiatry and Brain Research*. 18(2), 42

Bransfield RC (2012) Relationship of Inflammation and Autoimmunity to Psychiatric Sequelae in Lyme Disease. *Psychiatric Annals* , 337-341 http://www.ilads.org/ilads_news/2012/relationship-of-inflammation-and-autoimmunity-to-psychiatric-sequelae-in-lyme-disease/

Bransfield R. (2013) The Neuropsychiatric Assessment of Lyme Disease. www.mentalhealthandillness.com/tnaoid.html <http://www.anapsid.org/lyme/bransfield-neuropsych.pdf>

Ajamian M et al. (2013) Serologic markers of Lyme disease in children with autism. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 309, 1771-72. <http://www.the-scientist.com/?articles.view/articleNo/35365/title/Autism-Lyme-Correlation-Debunked/> Kommentar: **"The authors used the Euroimmun ELISA and WB. The Euroimmun ELISA has a sensitivity of 45-49% for patients with "suspected" Lyme disease. See Tables 1 and 4 in Ang CW, Notermans DW, Hommes M et al. (2010)."** Stricker R 2013-05-02 <http://www.xerlebnishaft.de/serollyme.pdf>

Dr. Shea Lectures at Harvard Medical School (2013), Dr. Shea lectured on Understanding the Neuropsychological Consequences of Lyme Disease at the Harvard Medical School Spaulding Rehabilitation Hospital in Cambridge, Massachusetts. <http://n-e-t-s.org/dr-shea/>

[Bechter K.](#) (2013) **Schizophrenia - a Mild Encephalitis?** Fortschr Neurol Psychiatr. 2013 Apr 29. [Epub ahead of print] <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/23629631>
“**With the ME model connected is a set of three contributing factors: genes, environment (especially infectious agents) and the immune system.**”

(2013) Blood Test for Suicide Risk? Medscape. Apr 26. <http://www.medscape.com/viewarticle/803176>

Wong CCY, Meaburn EL, Ronald A et al. (2013) Methylomic analysis of monozygotic twins discordant for autism spectrum disorder and related behavioural traits. Molecular Psychiatry doi: 10.1038/mp.2013.41 <http://www.nature.com/mp/journal/vaop/ncurrent/full/mp201341a.html>
<http://medicalxpress.com/news/2013-04-epigenetic-biological-mechanism-autism.html#Cp>

[Sommer IE](#), [van Westrhenen R](#), [Begemann MJ](#), [de Witte LD](#), [Leucht S](#), [Kahn RS](#). (2013) Efficacy of Anti-inflammatory Agents to Improve Symptoms in Patients with Schizophrenia: An Update. Schizophr Bull. [Epub ahead of print] <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24106335>
„**Conclusion: The results of aspirin addition to antipsychotic treatment seem promising, as does the addition of NAC and estrogens. These 3 agents are all very broadly active substances, and it has to be investigated if the beneficial effects on symptom severity are indeed mediated by their anti-inflammatory aspects.**“

[Iaccarino HF](#), [Suckow RF](#), [Xie S](#), [Bucci DJ](#). (2013) The effect of transient increases in kynurenic acid and quinolinic acid levels early in life on behavior in adulthood: Implications for schizophrenia. Schizophr Res. 2013 Sep 30. pii: S0920-9964(13)00503-3. doi: 10.1016/j.schres.2013.09.004. [Epub ahead of print] <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24091034>

“**Kynurenic acid is a tryptophan metabolite that is synthesized and released in the brain by astrocytes and acts as an antagonist of nicotinic acetylcholine receptors and N-methyl-d-aspartate glutamate receptors, both of which are critically involved in cognition as well as neural plasticity and brain development. The concentration of kynurenic acid is increased in the brains of persons with schizophrenia and this increase has been implicated in the cognitive and social impairments associated with the disease. In addition, growing evidence suggests that the increase in kynurenic acid may begin early in life. For example, exposure to influenza A virus during development results in a transient increase in kynurenic acid concentration that could disrupt normal brain development and lead to cognitive deficits later in life. Changes in kynurenic acid may thus provide a link between developmental exposure to viruses and the increased risk of subsequently developing schizophrenia.**”

Banerjee R, Liu JJ, Minhas HM (2013) Lyme Borreliosis Presenting with Alexithymia and Suicide Attempts. Case Report. J.Clin Psychiatry 74,10
<http://relative-risk.blogspot.de/2013/11/an-unusual-case-presentation.html>

[Stich O](#), [Andres TA](#), [Gross CM](#), [Gerber SI](#), [Rauer S](#), [Langosch JM](#). (2014) **An observational study of inflammation in the central nervous system in patients with bipolar disorder.** *Bipolar Disord*. doi: 10.1111/bdi.12244. [Epub ahead of print] <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/25109751>

[Mazaheri-Tehrani E](#), [Maghsoudi N](#), [Shams J](#) (2014) **Borna disease virus (BDV) infection in psychiatric patients and healthy controls in Iran.** *Virology* 11(1), 161. [Epub ahead of print] <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/25186971>

Mufaddel A, Omer AA, Salem MO (2014) **Psychiatric Aspects of Infectious Diseases.** Open Journal of Psychiatry, 4, 202-217. <http://dx.doi.org/10.4236/ojpsych.2014.43027>

Rosner B (2014) **Lyme Disease and Mental Illness**
<http://www.lymebook.com/lyme-disease-mental-illness-schizophrenia-bipolar-ocd>

Miyata S, Hattori T, Shimizu S et al (2015) **Disturbance of Oligodendrocyte Function Plays a Key Role in the Pathogenesis of Schizophrenia and Major Depressive Disorder.** BioMed Research International Volume 2015 (2015), Article ID 492367, 26 pages <http://dx.doi.org/10.1155/2015/492367>
<http://www.hindawi.com/journals/bmri/2015/492367/>

[Avramopoulos D](#), [Pearce BD](#), [McGrath J](#) (2015) **Infection and inflammation in schizophrenia and bipolar disorder: a genome wide study for interactions with genetic variation.** *PLoS One*. 10(3), e0116696. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0116696. eCollection 2015.
<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/25781172>

Bransfield RC (2015) **Chronic Infections as Aetiological Factors in Psychiatric Disorders.** 21st Annual International Integrative Medicine Conference Melbourne Australia.
http://www.researchgate.net/publication/280386410_Chronic_Infections_as_Aetiological_Factors_in_Psychiatric_Disorders

Bransfield RC (2015) **Inflammation in Chronic Brain Diseases.** 21st Annual International Integrative Medicine Conference Melbourne Australia.
http://www.researchgate.net/publication/280386580_Inflammation_in_Chronic_Brain_Diseases

Garakani A, Mitton AG (2015) **Case Report. New-Onset Panic, Depression with Suicidal Thoughts, and Somatic Symptoms in a Patient with a History of Lyme Disease.** Case Reports in Psychiatry Volume 2015, Article ID 457947, 4 pages <http://dx.doi.org/10.1155/2015/457947>
<http://www.hindawi.com/journals/crips/2015/457947/>

Bransfield RC (2016) **Are There Psychoimmune and Infectious Contributors to Violence?** New Jersey Psychiatric Association Central Chapter Meeting. Princeton, NJ, DOI: 10.13140/RG.2.2.33357.84968.

[Gacias M](#), [Gaspari S](#), [Mae-Santos P](#) et al. (2016) **Microbiota-driven transcriptional changes in prefrontal cortex override genetic differences in social behavior.** *Elife*. 5. pii: e13442. doi: 10.7554/eLife.13442. [Epub ahead of print] <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/27097105>
„Our results thus demonstrate that the gut microbiota modifies the synthesis of key metabolites affecting gene expression in the prefrontal cortex, thereby modulating social behavior.“

[Ribeiro FM](#), [Signorelli F](#) (2017) **The role of infections in neuropsychiatric lupus.** *Lupus*. 26(5), 490-496. doi: 10.1177/0961203317691375. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/28394236>

- ➔ **Methylierung** <http://www.erlebnishaft.de/methylierung.pdf>
- ➔ **Der Methylyzyklus** <http://www.xerlebnishaft.de/bildmethyl-arginin.pdf>
- ➔ **Mitochondrien** <http://www.xerlebnishaft.de/mitochondrien.pdf>
- ➔ **Gendynamik** http://www.xerlebnishaft.de/gen_dynamik.pdf
- ➔ **Borrelien Serologie** <http://www.erlebnishaft.de/kommentserollyme.pdf>
- ➔ **Gene, Umwelt, Immunsystem** <http://www.erlebnishaft.de/kommentstressvar2.pdf>
- ➔ **Biogene Amine und Peptide** <http://www.kabilahsystems.de/biogeneamineundpeptide.pdf>

- ➔ **Neuropsychiatric Lyme Disease Online Resources:**
<http://www.lymeinfo.net/neuropsych.html>

Bakterien andere, bacteria others

- ➔ **Chlamydien** http://www.kabilahsystems.de/chlamydia_pneumoniae.pdf

Virusarten, virusses

Bechter K (2013) **Virus Infection as a Cause of Inflammation in Psychiatric Disorders.** Halaris A, Leonard BE (eds): Inflammation in Psychiatry. Mod Trends Pharmacopsychiatry. Basel, Karger, 2013, vol 28, pp 49–60 (DOI: 10.1159/000343967)
https://www.karger.com/ProdukteDB/Katalogteile/isbn3_318/_023/_10/343967_p49-52.pdf
https://www.researchgate.net/publication/265690816_Virus_Infection_as_a_Cause_of_Inflammation_in_Psychiatric_Disorders

- ➔ **Virus triggers** <http://www.erlebnishaft.de/virus triggers.pdf>
- ➔ **Virus, Bakterium, Immunsystem** <http://www.erlebnishaft.de/virusbaktimmun.pdf>
- ➔ **Virulenzinhibitoren** http://www.kabilahsystems.de/virulenz_inhibitoren.pdf

Neurocysticercosis, nematodes, filariae

Huismans H. (1979) **Tierische Parasiten des menschlichen Auges**. Bücherei des Augenarztes ENKE Heft 80 <http://katalog.ub.uni-heidelberg.de/cgi-bin/titel.cgi?katkey=66347375>

Wallin MT, Kurtzke JF. (2004) **Neurocysticercosis** in the United States: review of an important emerging infection. *Neurology*. 63(9), 1559-1564

Mahajan SK, Machhan PC, Sood BR, et al. (2004) **Neurocysticercosis** presenting with psychosis. *J Assoc Physicians India*. 52, 663-665

[García](#) HH, [Evans](#) CAW, [Nash](#) TE (2013) Current Consensus Guidelines for **Treatment of Neurocysticercosis**. <http://cmr.asm.org/content/15/4/747.full>

→ **Mikrofilarien, Fadenwürmer, Zwergfadenwurm, Strongyloides stercoralis**
<http://www.xerlebnishaft.de/mikrofilarien.pdf>

Protozoen, protozoa

Varney NR, Roberts RJ, Springer JA, Connell SK, Wood PS. (1997) Neuropsychiatric sequelae of **cerebral malaria** in Vietnam veterans. *J Nerv Ment Dis*. 185(11), 695-703

Dugbartey AT, Dugbartey MT, Apedo MY. (1998) Delayed neuropsychiatric effects of **malaria** in Ghana. *J Nerv Ment Dis*. 186(3), 183-186

Thiam MH, Diop BM, Dieng Y, Gueye M. (2002) Mental disorders in **cerebral malaria** [French]. *Dakar Med*. 47(2), 122-127

[Markovitz](#) A, [Simanek](#) AM, [Yolken](#) R, [Galea](#) S, [Koenen](#) KC, [Chen](#) S, [Aiello](#) AE (2014) **Toxoplasma gondii** and anxiety disorders in a community-based sample. DOI: 10.1016/j.j.bbi.2014.08.001 [Brain, Behavior, and Immunity](#). Available online 12 August 2014
<http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0889159114004188>

→ **Babesien** <http://www.kabilahsystems.de/babesien.pdf>

Fungi

Johns Hopkins Medicine (2016) **Yeast infection linked to mental illness: Candida infections also more common among those with memory loss**. ScienceDaily. ScienceDaily, <https://www.sciencedaily.com/releases/2016/05/160504121327.htm>

Severance EG, Gressitt KL, Stallings CR et al. (2016) **Candida albicans exposures, sex specificity and cognitive deficits in schizophrenia and bipolar disorder**. *npj Schizophrenia*, 2, 16018 DOI: 10.1038/npjSchz.2016.18 <http://www.nature.com/articles/npjSchz201618>
“In conclusion, sex-specific C. albicans immune responses were evident in psychiatric disorder subsets. Inquiry regarding C. albicans infection or symptoms may expedite amelioration of this treatable comorbid condition”.

→ **Fluconazol** <http://www.kabilahsystems.de/fluconazol.pdf>

Eiweiss, proteins

→ **Prione** <http://www.erlebnishaft.de/prione.pdf>

- [Washington HA](https://www.amazon.de/Infectious-Madness-Surprising-Science-Illness/dp/0316277800) (2015) **Infectious Madness: The Surprising Science of How We "Catch" Mental Illness**. Little, Brown & Company. 292 pp.
<https://www.amazon.de/Infectious-Madness-Surprising-Science-Illness/dp/0316277800>
- Bransfield R (2016) **MICROBES AND MENTAL ILLNESS**
https://www.researchgate.net/publication/301204217_Microbes_and_Mental_Illness
- Marke J (2016) **Lyme and Tick-borne Disease and Psychiatric Illness**

Bildgebende Verfahren, imaging procedures

[Strakowski SM, DelBello MP, Sax KW](https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/10078503) et al. (1999) **Brain magnetic resonance imaging of structural abnormalities in bipolar disorder**. *Arch Gen Psychiatry*. 56(3), 254-60.
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/10078503>

[Clark L](https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3181872/) (2008) **Cognitive neuroscience and brain imaging in bipolar disorder**. *Dialogues Clin Neurosci*. 2008 Jun; 10(2): 153–165. PMCID: PMC3181872
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3181872/>

C P Johnson CP, R L Follmer RL, I Oguz I et al. (2015) **Brain abnormalities in bipolar disorder detected by quantitative T1-weighted mapping**. *Molecular Psychiatry*, DOI: [10.1038/mp.2014.157](https://doi.org/10.1038/mp.2014.157)

- **NEURO-COGNITIVE LYME DISEASE** <http://www.lymeinfo.net/neuropsych.html>

[Bernt - Dieter Huismans](http://www.Huismans.click), Letzte Revision Juni 2017 www.Huismans.click



Back to top: http://www.erlebnishaft.de/psychiatric_patients.pdf