

Multiple Sklerose (MS) und Neuroborreliose Multiple sclerosis and neuroborreliosis

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Virusarten, viruses

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→ MSRV http://ac.els-cdn.com/S0042682299997921/1-s2.0-S0042682299997921-main.pdf?_tid=1a58bdc4-4f9a-11e3-99d6-00000aacb361&acdnat=1384701083_7c037e9ebe7e39bd42b0ab26be8610a1

→ MSRV <http://hal.inria.fr/docs/00/06/66/67/PDF/Rolland et al Journal of Immunology In Press.pdf>

Bakterien, bacteria

Spirochaeten im extra Kästchen unten,
spirocheta see below, extra box.

Rostasy K, Reiber H, Pohl D et al. (2003), Cossu D, Masala S, Cocco E et al. (2012)

→ Mycobacteria http://www.kabilahsystems.de/atypical_mycobacteria.pdf

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?LinkName=pubmed_pubmed&from_uid=23439580

→ Chlamydien, Chlamydia http://www.kabilahsystems.de/chlamydia_pneumoniae.pdf

Protozoen, protozoa

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Mikrofilarien, Nematoden, Microfilaria, nematodes

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Correale J, Farez M, Razzitte G (2008, 2009), Correale J, Farez M, Razzitte G (2008), Correale J, Farez M (2009), MacDonald A (2016)

→ Eosinophilie <http://www.xerlebnishaft.de/eosinophilie.pdf>

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Spirochaeten, spirochaeta

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 ... 2005 – 2017 see the listed literature below

Quelle: <http://owndoc.com/lyme/multiple-sclerosis-is-lyme-disease-anatomy-of-a-cover-up/>

Genetisches Risiko, genetic risc

[Sawcer S](#), [Hellenthal G](#), [Pirinen M](#) et al. (2011) Genetic risk and a primary role for cell-mediated immune mechanisms in multiple sclerosis. *Nature*. 2011 Aug 10; 476(7359): 214–219. doi: [10.1038/nature10251](https://doi.org/10.1038/nature10251) PMID: PMC3182531 EMSID: UKMS36028 <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3182531/>

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 «Recent advances in our understanding of lymphatic drainage of CNS, its immune surveillance and effects of gut microbiota and obesity on systemic endotoxin levels and T-cell priming may open new perspectives to understanding the roles that infectious agents and microbes may have in MS. «

Risiken bei der Therapie mit Immunsuppressiva, Risks in therapy with immunosuppressants

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« **We conclude that there was an epidemic of MS on the Faroes and that the disease was probably introduced by the British troops (or their baggage). If so, then MS on the Faroes is a transmissible disease, most likely infectious; but only about 1 in 500 of the exposed individuals were clinically affected.** »

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« The diagnosis of MS and NB are difficult because of remarkably similar clinical and neuroimaging features. The infectious etiology of MS remains probable and in patients diagnosed with possible MS it is reasonable to evaluate B. burgdorferi infection in order to ensure etiologic treatment. »

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Immunstimulantien, immune restauration, immune stimulation
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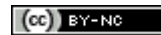
Bibliographical reference: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Multiple_sclerosis_research

Behandle physikalisch-medizinisch und bei vitaler Indikation zusätzlich mit Antibiotika, dann aber gezielt (möglichst kausal), hart und so frühzeitig wie möglich.

Treat physically, probiotic and in case of vital indication additionally with antibiotics, but then targeted (if possible causally), hard and as early as possible.

- ➔ [**Therapie – Empfehlungen bei chronischen Multiinfektionskrankheiten**](#)
[**Treatment recommendations in chronic multi infectious diseases**](#)
- ➔ **Therapievariante 2** http://www.kabilahsystems.de/therap_02_virus.pdf
- ➔ **Therapievariante 8** http://www.kabilahsystems.de/therap_08_protozoen_oder_hefen.pdf
- ➔ **Therapievariante 9** http://www.kabilahsystems.de/therap_09_bei_mikrofilariose.pdf

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